

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. XVII. No. 94.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23RD., 1895.

SEMI-WEEKLY, 4 PAGES.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Winnipeg, September 23rd.
Fire destroyed fifteen houses in Boden.
Eastern Siberia has been devastated by torrents of rain.

Letters have reached Ottawa in eight days from London, England.

Two steamers are stranded in Longue Sault rapids on the St. Lawrence river.

Canadian record for half mile run is now held by A. W. Gifford, time 1.57 3-5.

It is said to be the purpose of the British government to promote denominational education.

James Huddart expresses strong hopes of an imperial subsidy to fast Atlantic mail steamers.

Sickness and heavy marches have sent three thousand French soldiers to hospitals in Madagascar.

English cricketers require 217 runs to win in their second innings to day against Philadelphia eleven.

French soldiers have routed six thousand Hovas in a recent engagement. Eighty of the French were killed.

Frenchmen fear that serious consequences will follow the manipulation of the market by an American syndicate.

Quebec papers give warning that the federal general election will be held before another session of parliament.

A land slide sent the house of Zephirin Normandir into Champlain River, Que. Five of the family were killed.

A storm of cyclone proportions is reported from the north shore of Lake Superior, while extreme heat is reported from districts east and south.

Predictions are made of an almost universal war, France, Russia and China on the one side and Japan, Great Britain and United States on the other.

In the international athletic contest in New York Saturday, between London and New York athletic clubs, the Americans won everyone of eleven events. Some world's records were reduced.

Lieut. Peary and party of Arctic explorers have returned to St. John's, Newfoundland. Their trip was a complete failure owing to an insufficient food supply. Great hardship was endured and few discoveries made.

REGINA, Sept. 23rd.
The estimates were brought down on Friday, debates on Saturday, and supply motion agreed to without division. Figures show an over draft from last year of \$39,000 principally relief work. School vote only one thousand more than last year, which means a reduction in school grants. Roads and bridges sixty-five thousand, thirteen thousand less than last year. Another five thousand for Territorial exhibition. Items are being considered to-day.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 23rd.
Quotations same as last issue.

LOCAL.

Train left Calgary on time.

Messrs. Corriveau, Fairbanks, Morrell and Demarsh leave to-morrow morning for a week's shooting at Beaver lake.

L. PELTIER, who has been teaching school on Joseph's reserve for the past six months, leaves on to-morrow's train for Calgary.

PIERRE GRAY was in town on Saturday and has nearly finished his buildings for his fur trading post near Lac St. Anne. He expects to do a good trade there during the coming season.

It must be catching. The proprietor of the Jasper house informs us that he has had six girls married from his house within a year and that he is kept busy looking for help to replace the one getting married.

A PARTY composed of Judge Rouleau and Messrs. Picard, DeRoux, W. S. Robertson and John Brown left this morning for three or four days shooting at Black Mud.

THERE will be a parlor social at the residence of Mrs. R. Hockley to-morrow evening, weather permitting, in aid of the funds of the Epworth League. The ladies will supply refreshments and a silver collection will be taken at the door.

On Sunday evening the Rev. G. W. Dean delivered a very able sermon on "Choose ye this day whom ye will serve." He held the attention of the congregation throughout the whole discourse, touching on the Armenian massacre and other public events.

ED. NAGLE and bride and F. M. Vickery and bride started for Fort Resolution on this afternoon, where they will remain all winter trading for furs. Mr. Nagle has a better supply of goods this year than ever before and expects to do a correspondingly greater business this season.

THERE were 17 settlers came up on last train. Twelve were from Dakota, three from Ontario, two from Kansas. Twelve got off at Wetaskiwin, two at Leduc and three came through to Edmonton. Three cars of settlers' effects came from Kansas, two of these were left at Leduc and one at Innisfail.

AUGUST CHATZ, of Papachase reserve, gave us a call on Saturday last. He has the best crops this season that he has ever seen growing. He got nearly all of his grain harvested in good condition and expects a big yield. Mr. Chatz came here a year ago last spring from Minnesota and is well satisfied with the change.

W. GUTTRIDGE, guide for British Columbia and Alaska, who came in with Ed. Nagle from Great Slave lake a few days ago, left by last train for Calgary. He expects to take a party from there for a trip in the mountains, returning by way of Edmonton in the spring. Next spring he expects to make a trip to the Yukon and from there by way of the Coast to Vancouver.

THE balance of Nagle's furs arrived in town on Saturday and through the kindness of Mr. Secord we are enabled to give the list as follows: 205 musk ox, 137 bear, 3,000 martin, 550 Beaver, 50 otter, 50 cross fox, 100 red fox, 10 silver fox, 15 wolverine, 7 wolves, 108 lynx, 500 minks, 2,000 rats, 10 fisher and 40 pounds castorum. Mr. Secord estimates the value at \$20,000. It is now being cleaned up and baled ready for shipment and on the whole is a very fine lot of fur.

INSPECTOR SNYDER returned on Saturday after making the treaty payment at White Whale lake.

THE brick work on the walls of All Saints' church is completed, and the carpenters are at work putting on the roof.

SEE our advertising columns for particulars of the Presbyterian choir concert on Friday next. The admission is 25 cents and we hope the choir will have a bumper house.

DR. MCINNIS and Frank Hardisty went out to the Black Mud last Saturday afternoon and succeeded in bagging 35 ducks and three geese before sundown, returning to town the same evening.

THERE will be an entertainment in Parrish's hall, South Edmonton, Wednesday evening, September 25th, under the auspices of the R. T. of T. in aid of the South Edmonton brass band fund.

MR. WALKER, of Clover Bar, commenced drawing his wheat to the mill at South Edmonton last week. It is of excellent quality and the yield is about 45 bushels per acre. The price realized was 53 cents per bushel.

A SPECIAL general meeting of the Edmonton board of trade will be held in the town hall at 8 p. m. sharp, to-morrow, Tuesday, evening to receive the report of John Cameron on the result of his visit to the Kootenay country.

DONALD ROSS is busy building a greenhouse in connection with his market garden on the flat. The building is to be 108 feet long by 12 feet wide. He has already completed the brick work for the furnace and foundation.

N. F. DAVIS, M. P., has instructed his legal representative to bring action against the corporation of Ottawa for \$1,000 damages for injury sustained to his arms, wrist and hand, by falling on a defective sidewalk on O'Connor street, some weeks ago.

CAPTAIN BELL, of the H. B. Co.'s steamer Athabasca, came in on Thursday last. He left for the south by last train, and looks well after his summer's work. He expects to return in the spring and take charge of the boat again next summer.

MESSRS. Chalmers, DeRoux and Dr. Royal returned from Lac St. Ann on Saturday. They were not fortunate enough to find much game only meeting with a few straggling ducks, and as the weather was so rough for any pleasure they did not stay so long as they had intended doing.

E. N. RAYMOND, formerly of the Raymond hotel, South Edmonton, leaves for the old country in a few weeks. There will be an auction sale of his effects at Jas. McDonald's warehouse on Friday, October 4th at 7 p. m., and Saturday, October 5th at 2 and 7 p. m.

JOSEPH NELSON, who accompanied the Premier's party, is the engineer and otherwise connected with the Hudson's Bay & Pacific Railway, and has been looking over the line of the proposed road. He promises that the railway will be under construction to Battleford inside of two years.—Battleford Herald.

WM. WHITE, who has been in the employ of the Edmonton Saddlery Co. for the past two years, leaves on Friday's train for Winnipeg. After attending to some private business in Winnipeg, Mr. White will go into the Salvation army work. During Mr. White's stay in Edmonton he has made many friends, not only in the Army, where he is one of the most active members and a general favorite, but with the public generally.

JOSEPH SAYOYARD, the pilot of the Roman Catholic mission steamer St. Alphonse, came in on Wednesday last from the Mackenzie river accompanied by his son. Mr. Savoyard is an old Red River half breed, and went to the Mackenzie river thirty-two years ago in the employ of the H. B. Co., passing through Edmonton on his way out, and has not been there since that time. Having left the Red River country before it was opened up for settlement, his visit here was a great surprise to him as he had never seen a town before. When he left Red River, neither Winnipeg nor Edmonton had any settlement around them, the H. B. Co.'s building being the only ones at either point and they were then as they are now, the distributing points for the outlying trading posts. From the time he first went north until this season he has been in the employ of the H. B. Co. and most of that time he was one of their best guides in the Mackenzie river country. Last spring he left the company's employ and went on the mission steamer as pilot. He is a man of fine physical power and very intelligent, apparently just such a man as could be depended on as a guide. He had heard a great deal about Edmonton and came down purposely to see what the white people had been doing since he was here before. He left again for the north on Friday much pleased and astonished at what he saw here.

SERIOUS SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

On Saturday forenoon while Miss Ellen McFadden, a sister of Alex. and John McFadden, who run the upper and lower ferries, was sitting at a table cleaning curtains and her brother William was examining his revolver, the weapon accidentally went off striking his sister on the cheek about half an inch below the left eye and inflicting a very painful and dangerous wound. Dr. Braithwaite was immediately called and he in company with Dr. Aylen have located the bullet, but do not think it advisable to extract it at present. We are very glad to state that the patient is doing very well and much better than was expected. Nurse McDougall is in charge of the patient and the doctors have good hopes of her recovery.

FALL FAIRS.

Fort Saskatchewan agricultural society, October 2nd.

Edmonton agricultural society, Oct. 4th and 5th.

South Edmonton agricultural society, Oct. 7th.

RIFLE MATCHES.

Edmonton rifle association, Sept. 26th, 27th and 28th.

Fort Saskatchewan rifle association, Oct. 3rd, 4th and 5th.

MARRIAGES.

MORAN—AUSTIN.—At South Edmonton on Friday, Sept. 20th, by the Rev. D. G. McQueen of Edmonton, Frederick, Wm. Moran to Diana Austin both of Millet, Peace Hills District.

NAGLE—KLAPSTINE.—On Thursday, 19th, inst., by the Rev. Father Lacombe at the Bishop's palace, Edmonton, Edward Nagle, of Fort Resolution, to Eva, eldest daughter of Fredrick Klapstine, of Russia.

VICKERY—NOSEDA.—On Friday, 20th inst., at the Bishop's palace, by the Rev. Father Lacombe, F. M. Vickery, of Fort Resolution, to Alice S., third daughter of Alpheus Nosea, of Hay Lake district.

BIRTH.

DALY.—At Clover Bar on Sunday, Sept. 15th the wife of Thomas Daly of a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDERS WANTED

For the erection complete of a brick dwelling house for H. C. Taylor. Plans, specifications and conditions can be seen at the office of Edmondson & Flater, Architects, Imperial Bank Block, on Wednesday, the 25th of September, 1895.

LOST.

About the 19th inst., a bay horse, three years old, white star in face, branded half circle on shoulder, weight about 700 pounds. When last seen had saddle on. Five dollars reward.

94-95 THEODORE SAVARD.

TO RENT.

Good dwelling house with garden. Three rooms and kitchen downstairs, three bedrooms upstairs. Situated on McDougall street, the property of Chas. Sandison. Apply to A. McNICOLL, 44th Imperial Bank Block.

TO RENT.

Good store, well situated on Jasper Avenue, next to telegraph office. Rent moderate. Property of Chas. Sandison. Apply to A. McNICOLL, 44th Imperial Bank Block.

BOARDERS WANTED.

At Mrs. Dorias, on Kinitino Avenue. Weekly board \$4.00, day board, \$3.50 per week. Also stable on same premises to let. 94-95

BOARD OF TRADE.

A special general meeting of the members of the board will be held in the Town Hall at 8 p. m. sharp to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, to receive the report of Mr. Cameron on the result of his visit to the Kootenay country.

GRAND

Sacred . Concert !

FARMER'S ORATORIO.

"Christ and His Soldiers"

Preceded by selection Sacred Solos, etc.

Friday, Sept. 27th, in Presbyterian Church.

SOLOISTS:

Soprano—Misses Adamson, Cookson and Richardson. Contralto—Mrs. Douglas and Miss Rogers.

Tenor—Mr. R. McIntyre. Baritone—Dr. Goodwin Bass—Mr. A. G. Randall.

Chorus—Presbyterian Church Choir.

Organist, Mr. F. H. Andrews.

Pianist, Mr. A. McCauley.

Conductor, Mr. A. G. Randall.

Admission 25c. Doors open at 7. Concert at 8.

J. W. KELLY, Sec.-Treas.

Public . Auction !

Highly Attractive Public Sale

Having received instructions from Mr. E. N. Raymond (who is about to leave for the old country) I will offer for sale at James McDonald's warehouse, corner Queen and Main Streets, Edmonton, on Friday, October 4th, at 7 p. m., and Saturday, Oct. 5th, at 2 and 7 p. m., a large assortment of Household Effects, Hotel Furnishings, Horses, Saddles, Sleighs, Carbs, etc. to the value of about \$2,500.

Goods will be open for inspection for a couple of days previous to sale.

For particulars see posters.

W. S. ROBERTSON, Auctioneer.

Edmonton, 23rd Sept., 1895.

THE GUILD OF ST. AGNES.

In connection with All Saints' Church, Edmonton, will serve refreshments in the premises next door north of the Fire Hall on the days of the Agricultural Exhibition, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 4th and 5th.

EDMONTON

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S

ANNUAL

Fall Show

WILL BE HELD

Friday & Saturday

OCT. 4 AND 5.

\$500 in Prizes !

Stock exhibit at Curling Rink, other exhibits in Town Hall.

SEE PRIZE LISTS.

Live Stock may be removed after 5 p. m. on the first day of the Show.

J. R. TURNBULL, M. McCauley, Sec.-Treas. Pres.

OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT.

I have pleasure in informing my late customers and the public of Northern Alberta that on the 27th inst. I will resume business at the Manchester House, Jasper Avenue. And I take this opportunity of thanking my numerous customers for past favors, and to assure them that as in the past, it will ever be my endeavor to retain the esteemed patronage which hitherto they have so liberally accorded me.

The Manchester House (established 1886) has by general acclamation been recognized as the Store, at which the best values in the city could be obtained. And with the view of totally eclipsing past efforts, I will in the future SELL ALL THE GOODS HANDLED BY ME, AT MONTREAL PRICES, adding only a small per centage to cover freight. To enable me successfully to accomplish this, I purpose ONLY TO SELL FOR READY CASH.

I have purchased a very large and valuable assortment of Fall Goods and Novelties not hitherto introduced, all of which I will sell at prices that cannot fail to satisfy the keenest purchaser.

The Departments to which I will chiefly confine my attention will be Ladies' Dress Goods and Furnishings of every description, House Furnishings and Fancy Goods.

A visit of inspection will prove that for STYLE, QUALITY and PRICE, the Manchester House is second to none in Northern Alberta.

There is a competent Dress Maker on the Premises.

LINES CARRIED.

Ladies' Dress Goods and Furnishings of every description, Ladies' Winter Jackets, Capes, Blouses, etc. " " Ladies' Millinery Furnishings, Laces, Ribbons, etc. " " Ladies' and Children's Underwear " " Household Furnishings, Linens and Napery " " Fancy Goods " "

Also a nice line of Gent's Furnishings.

Terms, Strictly Cash. Positively no Exceptions.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER,
MANCHESTER HOUSE

ANYBODY .
SICK . . .

AT YOUR HOUSE ?

Want the best don't you ?

My prescription department

don't equal anybody else's, but

surpasses 'em all for purity.

Most everybody knows this.

That's why I keep so busy.

But always time for one more;

always on hand to do good.

Bring me the next one.

POST : OFFICE : DRUG

STORE.

GEO. H. GRAYDON.

40 Degrees Below
Zero

Next winter sure. Rather early to

talk about it, especially when you

meet people who tell you we have

had no summer yet. Guess they

will have to wait until next summer

now. But it is not to early to tell you

that we have received our Fall and

Winter Stock of Clothing. Our

range is larger and prices lower than

ever. For \$10.00 we are selling

the ordinary \$12.50 and \$13.00

lines, the fit and finish being equal

to custom made goods. We have a

tailoring department and can give

you a good Tweed Suit for \$16.00,

fit guaranteed. Try us for a Fall

Suit. We will please you or refund

your money.

W. T. HENRY & Co.

Clothing, Boots & Shoes.

Ratepayers, Notice.

The Voters' List of the Municipality of the Town of Edmonton may be seen at my office on and after Monday, the 23rd inst.

Any person may apply to have the said list amended on or before the first day of November next, (vide Sections 55 to 57, part 2 of the Municipal Ordinance.)

A. G. RANDALL, Town Clerk
Edmonton, 19th Sept., 1895.

Boys' .
Suits .

See our Boys' Suits.

If you want a suit for

THE BOY

See our Stock and Prices.

We are going to clear out our

stock of Boys' Ready-Made

Suits. Come and get a

bargain.

Sutter & Dunlop,

Tailoring and

Gents' Furnishings.

STATIONERY

I have opened up my New Store next to

E. Raymer with a well assorted stock of

STATIONERY, MUSIC AND

FANCY GOODS, CREPE

PAPER, ETC.

Prices at lowest rate to suit the times.

F. H. ANDREWS.

Millinery, Millinery

FELT and VELVET HATS

New Fall Goods have arrived

A good assortment of Underwear and

Ladies and Children's Corsets and

Corset Waists.

Miss Charbonneau

EDMONTON BULLETIN.
(SEMI-WEEKLY.)
Printed Monday and Thursday evenings.
Subscription \$2 a year, in advance.
Transient advertisements: Five lines and under,
three insertions and under \$1, or 10 cents a line last
insertion and 5 cents a line each week or part of week
after.
Standing advertisement—20 cts a line for 3 months.
FRANK OLIVER, — PROPRIETOR.

NOTICE.
During the absence of the proprietor at
Regina, A. McNicol, accountant, and A.H.
Haines, foreman, are authorized to give
receipts for money paid on BULLETIN
account. It is particularly requested that
all accounts outstanding be paid forthwith.
FRANK OLIVER.

EDMONTON CROPS.
An editorial in a recent issue of the
Calgary Herald purports to size up the
crop situation for the season in Alberta.
This is another of those numerous
occasions in which the BULLETIN finds
it necessary to disagree with the Herald
and indeed to point out the difference
between the Herald's statements and
the actual facts. As applied that part
of Alberta surrounding or adjacent to
the place of publication of the Herald,
these statements may or may not be
correct. If they are correct, so much
the worse for that locality, and if they
are not correct it is for those who are
most interested to enter their protest.
The BULLETIN does not presume to
speak for Calgary or the Calgary district
in this matter, but it does presume
to speak for Edmonton. When the
Herald blankets the whole of Alberta
in a sweeping statement that "The
storm and frost of the past two days
* * * has been most disastrous to
farming operations in Alberta this
year," the truth compels it to char-
acterize the statement as grossly false
and calculated to be injurious to this
district as far as the influence of the
paper extends. Farming operations in
the Edmonton district have not suffered
from any general disaster of storm or
frost and the paper which deliberately
attempts to create that impression in the
public mind is an enemy not only of the
district libelled but of the whole coun-
try. If the crop of the half or three-
fourths of Alberta has been wiped out
it is all the more reason why a true
friend of the country wherever located,
or in whatever interest published,
should be the more careful to draw at-
tention to the fact that the loss was
not universal. This not only for fear
of the parrot cry of injury to immigra-
tion but to prevent the greater dis-
couragement of those who have suffer-
ed and to prevent substantial injury in
the matter of markets to those who
have not suffered. As a matter of fact
the Edmonton district is the only part
of Alberta that has yet had a crop
surplus for export. Though there were
no other crops in Alberta this year than
in the Edmonton district outside buyers
could still look to Edmonton as a
source of supply just as before. But if
the impression is created that the
crop at Edmonton is destroyed the at-
tention of buyers is turned away, and as
ill news travels far and fast and is be-
lieved much more readily than good
news, it may cost the district consid-
erable business loss before the wrong im-
pression is removed. Only a short time
ago, in the belief that Edmonton would
have a surplus for export, the C. P. R.
authorities paid a visit to the town and
held a conference looking towards im-
proved facilities for marketing the sur-
plus. The fact of a surplus existing
was the reason for the more favorable
arrangements being proposed. If
through either ignorance or design the
impression is created that there is no
surplus, the favorable arrangement of
freight rates loses interest to the rail-
way company and a grave material in-
jury is done to the community. A
newspaper may not be able to do good
but it can always do harm. It is a
weapon which requires judgment and
skill in its use if it is to be anything
but an injury and a danger. The
Herald's article is either a malicious
libel on the Edmonton district or it is
an illustration of the old adage:
"Children and fools should not play
with edge tools."

THE MOUNTED POLICE.
The announcement made some weeks
ago by the commander of the mounted
police that owing to the reduction in
the force it must not be depended upon
to as great an extent as formerly to as-
sist in the suppression of prairie fires,
and the further announcement made
more recently that for the same reason
the Edmonton detachment is to be re-
duced in strength to a mere outpost,
opens up for discussion a very wide
question in regard to the force. It is
certainly strange that at a time when
the people of the country have at last
awakened to the great and general in-
jury done by the occurrence of prairie-
and forest-fires, and in a season which
the commissioner in his announcement
declares likely to be more than usually
dangerous, it should be considered nec-
essary to withdraw in any degree the
measure of protection against destruc-
tion by fires afforded in the past by the
police. While all must agree with the
terms of the commissioner's notice that
every settler has a duty to perform to
wards his neighbor in properly safe-
guarding himself, it should not be lost
sight of that the great loss caused by
fires is not to the present settler—
great though that loss may be and de-
sirable though it is to protect him from
such loss—but to the country at large,
and particularly to the future of the
country. It is the damage to the public
domain, the loss of grass and timber and
moisture, that is the great loss by fires;
a loss that has already wrought dis-
astrous climate changes in parts of the
Northwest, which undesirable con-
ditions are being increased and extend-
ed year after year by these semi-annual
fires. If the notice of the commis-
sioner means that the existing police force
is to be withdrawn from the suppres-
sion of fires which may damage actual
settlers in order to give more attention
to the suppression of fires which are
only likely to injure the general wel-
fare, the position is intelligible, although
neither possible nor justifiable. The
police force offers the only practically
effective means of securing even a
moderate enforcement of the law with-
in settlements, and their even partial
withdrawal from that duty requires
very ample explanation. If it were
possible to divide the country into
settled and unsettled territory their
withdrawal from the one might be ex-
plained by their concentration in the
other, but when that is impossible and
when there is no such intentions, when
indeed the intention apparently is to
strike prairie fire duty to a very great
extent out of police work, a blow is
struck at the usefulness of the force
that must adversely effect public opin-
ion regarding it.

Of the same piece, and certain to
tend towards the same result, is the
practical withdrawal of the Edmonton
detachment. For several years past an
officer and small detachment were
stationed at Edmonton. Not that they
were required to do town duty but be-
cause Edmonton being the business and
judicial centre of the district, the great-
er part of the police business of the
region could be handled there to the
best advantage. If a prisoner was ar-
rested almost anywhere in the district,
whether south on the railroad or north
on the Athabasca, Edmonton was the
most convenient point to which to bring
him for preliminary trial. All criminals
were necessarily tried here, and there-
fore it was and is altogether desirable
to have adequate lock-up accommoda-
tion and a sufficient guard. If offences
were committed in the northern,
western or southern part of the dis-
trict, Edmonton was the most con-
venient starting point for the police, and
certainly the usefulness of the detach-
ment at Edmonton has been proven on
many occasions. If it is decided—as
apparently it has been decided by the
police authorities—that the police busi-
ness of the district can be carried on
satisfactorily without any force at the
principal business and judicial centre of
the district, and with the headquarters
of the force eighteen miles away from
that centre and from the railway, a
very ugly list of questions are apt to
arise in the mind of the eastern tax-
payer. As for instance, if only two

policemen are necessary at Edmonton,
the third if not the second and perhaps
the most important commercial point in
the Territories, where is the necessity
for the number that are stationed at
other points where very much smaller
interests exist? The police force has
been the greatest assistance in the
peaceful development of the Northwest,
increase of population has not yet done
away with the need and desirability of
its services, but if it is relieved from
important duties on the grounds of
mere economy, it is being discredited in
the public mind by those who are re-
sponsible for its existence and conduct.
The friends of the force are not those
who wish to relieve it from this or that
duty or withdraw it from this or that
part, but rather those who wish to see
the men well paid, well treated and
actively employed.

AS IT IS.
The progress of Manitoba and the
Northwest has been retarded from
many causes such as grasshoppers, frost
and drouth, but none of these nor all of
them have had an effect equal to that
of the Manitoba liar, and particularly
that section of the lying fraternity the
boomer. By reason of his efforts
hundreds and thousands of people have
been induced to enter the battle with
nature under circumstances or with a
plan of campaign that ensured failure,
when failure might just as well have
been a success. It is the large per-
centage of failures in the West that
has retarded the progress of the country
and the boomer is responsible for the
larger percentage of those failures. At
the present time the editor of the
Toronto Globe is making a tour of the
West to secure information for the
readers of his paper. The impressions
which he gathers and conveys must
have a very important effect upon the
West. They will, more than the letters
of any other man appearing through
any other channel affect settlement, and
the investment of capital in the North-
west. It is not too much to say that of
all those who have written on the
West, this gentleman seems to have
observed the most closely, the most
fully and described the most truly. The
letter dated from Portage la Prairie
which we produce in this issue of the
BULLETIN is well worth careful reading
not only by outsiders who desire in-
formation regarding the West, but by
settlers themselves on the principal
that the onlooker has a better view of
the game than the players, and can
therefore describe it better, provided he
understands it. In this case it is plain
that the onlooker does understand the
game of life in the West, down to its
most minute details, not as a caricatur-
ist, but as one who had actually part in
it. Although the letter does not direct-
ly apply to this district, and is not in-
tended so to apply, the BULLETIN takes
the liberty of using it to point out and
emphasize the great advantages which
this particular part of the country has
in its particular adaptability for mixed
farming which is declared and proven
to be the only sure road to success.

**EDMONTON MALTING &
BREWING Co.**
EDMONTON, ALTA.
Near the Electric Light Station, Edmonton.
CAIRNS & KELLY, Proprietors.

Edmonton Planing Mills.
Cedar Sash and Doors, Mouldings, Casings, etc.
Window and Door Frames made to order. Also all
kinds of Turned Work.
Kanasak Line for sale. A carload to arrive
next week.
K. A. McLEOD, Proprietor.
Mill and office, corner Namayo Avenue.
P.O. Box 175.

Pyrethum,
PURE AND FRESH
Tanglefoot
Fly Paper.
Fly Poison Pads.
MACDONALD'S
DRUG STORE. . .

IT'S TOO LATE
In the day to raise the argument that you can't be Fitted
in Ready-to-Wear
JACKETS, . CAPES . OR . ULSTERS.
We have them to fit you. . .
Just come along and try a few. . .
There is no charge for doing so, and you can try on all
you want without being under compliment to buy.

JUST ARRIVED . . .
New Jackets, Capes and Ulsters.
LARUE & PICARD.


WM. LOCKHART,
UNDERTAKER,
COFFINS AND CASKETS, ALL STYLES, MADE
AT EASTERN PRICES.
All kinds of Funeral Furnishings.
Third Street, Edmonton.
South of Hudson's Bay Store.

Judicial Sale
—BY—
PUBLIC AUCTION
OF VALUABLE
MILL PROPERTY

Pursuant to the judgment and decree
of the court entered in the office of the
Deputy Clerk of the Court for the Northern Alberta
Judicial District at Edmonton, the 23rd day of
August, 1896, in the matter of a certain suit wherein
Peter Pruden was plaintiff and James C. Square-
briggs, Margaret Squarebriggs and Enaline Dultz
were defendants, there will be offered for sale by
public auction on
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27th, 1896,
At the Sheriff's Office, in the Town of Edmonton, at
the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the fol-
lowing described lands and premises, namely:
All that portion of the southeast quarter of section
thirty-one of Township fifty-five in Range twenty-
three, west of the Fourth Meridian, in the District
of Alberta, more particularly described as follows:
Commencing at a point on the line between Sections
thirty-one and thirty-two in the said Township nine
chains and sixty-one links from the north of the
southeast corner of said Section thirty-one, thence
west eight chains and fifty-eight links to a post
planted, thence north eighteen chains and sixteen
links to a post planted, thence east eight chains and
fifty-eight links to a line between said Sections
thirty-one and thirty-two, thence south along the
line between said Sections thirty-one and thirty-two
eighteen chains and sixteen links to the place of be-
ginning, containing by admeasurement fourteen and
72-100 (14.72) acres more or less; and also that
portion of the southwest quarter of section thirty-
two in the said Township, more particularly de-
scribed as follows, that is to say: commencing at
the said point on the line between Sections thirty-
one and thirty-two already fixed as being nine chains
and sixty-one links from the north of the southeast
corner of said Section thirty-one, thence east eight
chains and fifty-eight links at right angles to the
said line between Sections thirty-one and thirty-two,
thence south along said line eighteen chains and
sixteen links to the place of beginning, containing
by admeasurement 14 and 72-100 acres more
or less, the said two pieces or portions of land forming
together a perfect rectangular plot of land, contain-
ing by admeasurement 29 and 42-100 acres more
or less, together with all mill dams, mill rights,
rights of way, easements and privileges connected
therewith or appertaining thereto, and all buildings,
mills and machinery and plant of every nature and
kind, and all personal property, furnishings and
fixtures in any way connected with the said property
whether situate on the same or elsewhere.
The property above described is the late partner-
ship property of the firm of Pruden & Squarebriggs,
and consists of a saw and grist mill, excepting
saw mill machinery, but, however, including both
turbine wheels, situate on the Sturgeon river, 22
miles from Edmonton and one-half mile from New
Lennon Post Office.
Terms and conditions will be made known at time
of sale.
Further and better descriptions of the property
can be ascertained by inquiry from
S. S. & H. C. TAYLOR, Edmonton.
Or from **W. S. ROBERTSON,**
Auctioneer.
Dated this 9th day of September, A. D. 1896.
ALEX. TAYLOR,
Deputy Clerk of Supreme Court, N. W. T.
90-93
N. A. J. D.

LANDS FOR SALE
FOR TAXES.
The following list of lands will be offered for sale
by public auction on Saturday, October 18th, at
10 o'clock, p. m., at the public school house, Clover
Burg:
The West Half and Southeast Quarter Section 15,
and the Northwest Quarter and North Half of
Northeast Quarter Section 20; all in Township 53,
Range 22, west Fourth principal meridian.
91-101
WM. KEITH, Treasurer.

EDMONTON DYE WORKS
—Pirchner & Mayerhofer,—
PROPRIETORS.
Near Electric Light Works.
All orders promptly attended to and first-class
work guaranteed.

D. R. FRASER
HAS THE LARGEST STOCK OF
**Dry . . .
Lumber.**
In this district and is pre-
pared to sell at the very
lowest possible rates.

Before purchasing your Lum-
ber apply at Fraser's Mill
for prices which we are sure
you will find satisfactory.
Sash - and - Doors
at very much reduced rates

Canadian Pacific
RAILWAY.
The Scenic Route to all points in the East,
West and South.
FAST TIME. DIRECT CONNECTIONS
Return tickets on sale to all Pacific coast
points, Hawaiian Islands, Australia,
China and Japan.
LAKE STEAMERS TO OWEN SOUND.
ATHABASCA. SUNDAY
ALBERTA. TUESDAY
MANITOBA. THURSDAY

AUSTRALIA
FROM VANCOUVER.
S. S. Miowera. Sept. 16
China and Japan
FROM VANCOUVER.
Empress of China. Sept. 16
Empress of Japan. Oct. 14
For full information apply to
J. GREGG,
Agent, Edmonton.
Or to
ROBERT KERR,
Genl Pass'ger Agent, Winnipeg.

Garipey & Chenier
GENERAL MERCHANTS.
Groceries, Provisions, Boots
& Shoes, Crockery,
Glassware, etc.

THE WEST.

Editor Willison, of the Globe, has the following letter under date of Portage la Prairie, Aug. 24th.

"There is a general opinion in eastern Canada that the Manitoba people conspire to glorify the crops, to deny any visitation of frost, and to 'stand by the country' in the face of every adverse circumstance. This is a mistake. There is a hostility scarcely veiled between the milling or grain-buying interest and the grain-producing interest. It may be that in the potato patches, upon tender plants and vines, upon the wheat fields, one can find no trace of frost, but the grain-buyer will shake his head wisely and ominously, and whisper in your ear his conviction that there has been serious frost and widespread injury. If there be frost at all, it is likely to be heavier on the grain exchange than in the wheat fields. One buyer took me aside and gave me solemn warning of the harm I would do the country by sending to the east 'booming' reports of the wheat prospect, and thus encouraging a bear movement on prices. But even if to conceal the truth would help prices, a policy of depreciation would hardly help settlement. The agents of the buyers go all over the country, and very often their reports are the first to reach eastern Canada. It would perhaps be too much to say that there is a deliberate conspiracy against the farmer. There has been a period of critical times in the grain trade, markets unsettled and too often tending downward, and the buyer has had to exercise great vigilance to protect his interests and keep off the rocks. He cannot afford to be deceived as to the character of the crop. It is true, too, that the actual damage by frost is not easily estimated until the threshing. In estimating output, consumption and tendency of prices he deals with a mighty problem. For a year or two the Manitoba farmer sold at a low figure and the dealer shared his adversity. But from 'the rise' very little advantage accrued to the farmer. Not much grain was left in his hands. The millers and the elevator interests have, however, undoubtedly profited hundreds of thousands by the increase in prices since the last crop was marketed, and some of this wheat is still in hand to compete with the new crop. The suspicion of frost gives the buyer an advantage. The farmer seems to fear the mere report of frost as much as the actual damage. He believes that the suspicion of frost will enable the buyer to bear the price of the crop from two to four cents a bushel, and that a large percentage of the loss which he thus suffers goes directly into the pockets of the buyers. The buying interest is organized, the farming interest is unorganized. One can understand the farmer's fear and his effort to provide independent means for the handling of his crop. Thus far, however, the elevator charges seem to be moderate, and but an average measure of success has attended the efforts of the farmers to build and operate elevators on the co-operative plan. The three great grain-handling concerns are the Ogilvie Milling company, the Lake of the Woods Milling company and the North American Elevator company. At every station the great structures of the first two named corporations tower in view, and nothing is more suggestive of the enormous crop of grain that is produced by the 25,000 farmers of this young province. The estimate for this year is that the farms of Manitoba will yield 90,000,000 bushels of grain of all kinds, and the stock and dairying interests are reaching dimensions of first-rate importance. There is no more fruitful land under God's sky, and we are rearing here, under climatic conditions that are severe for the winter months, but are tempered by a summer of rare beauty and benignity, and increasing conveniences and comforts, one of the best populations of the continent. But to return. The North American Elevator company is a new enterprise, and there is some expectation that it will prove an active competing agency for the older concerns. This is doubtful. There is little doubt that an understanding as to prices prevails on the grain exchange at Winnipeg, and there is not likely to be any very determined competition among the elevators. There may be now and then a spurt as a result of exceptional conditions, but, in the face of a vast experience, one can only conclude that where combination is possible and profitable competition is impossible, and that, as in the case of the railways, a rigorous war of rates is the sure forerunner of an effective understanding. It is quite likely that Manitoba is raising an elevator problem and many of the other economic problems that are breeding in our western civilization. While this is true, it would be unjust to ignore the enormous service rendered to this new community by the capital which has planted these great elevators all along the lines of railway and revealed the very genius of modern commercial enterprise. I have said that there is no general feeling that the charges are extravagant. There is an element of risk in the business, and commercial risk has its value and makes its proportionate charges. But there are great tracts of rich lands here yet to be occupied. The output of the future must be enormous. There are only two and a half million acres cultivated, and it is estimated that in southwestern Manitoba alone there are four million acres not yet under crop. There are 25,000 farmers in the province, and I am told there is room for one hundred thousand. And there is a living and to spare for a vast dependent population on these wealth-stored prairies. The commercial risk of to-day may become a formidable taxing power in the future, and it is well to take care that we do not bestow upon our corporations any unnecessary privileges, and that we reserve some power or strive to find some means for regulating the rates and charges that may be imposed by these serving enterprises. An elevator service in a country like this is very like a railway. It cannot be paralleled or duplicated except at great cost. If recklessly duplicated more capital than can earn a return is lured into the business and combination is an inevitable result.

I am told on all hands that in the main those settlers have succeeded best who had to struggle with the less satisfactory conditions. Where successive crops were hurt by frost or drouth or other cause, the farmer was forced to turn to stock-raising, or dairying, in a small way perhaps, but still patiently and gradually moving toward a "self-contained" condition, as the politician would say. If wheat failed he had stock. He was able to supply his own wants all round. He was not left naked to his creditors, with accumulating interest charges that in time became an absolute crucifixion. Singular as it is, it

seems to be true that in many cases a magnificent first crop meant the ruin of the farmer. He is like the rest of us. As one is often told, the temptation here to discount the future is well-nigh irresistible. The farmer reaps a grand wheat harvest. He comes out at the end of the season with hundreds, probably thousands, of dollars to the good. He makes preparations on a great scale for next season. His credit is good. He incurs debt. He buys implements. The agent loves him like a brother and trusts him as he would a millionaire. He is reckless in the assumption of interest obligations. He made so much this year. Next year he will have a greater acreage and he will make so much more. But the frost came or the drouth, and left him bare to all the winds that blow, and he is undone. But on the prairie at least, hope springs eternal in the human breast; here is a buoyant population; he renews his preparations—and his notes—perhaps to be overtaken by a second failure—and he leaves the country with a curse upon his tongue. If he had builded more wisely, if he had gone more slowly, if he had got a few cattle, sheep and hogs, raised his own butter, pork and beef, he could not have been overtaken by disaster so complete, and probably would have held his own against all adverse circumstances. But the temptation to sudden wealth was too great; there were no beacon lights of experience to show him the better way, and he did what most of us would have done under the same circumstances, tempted fortune too rashly and was overthrown.

It is fair to say, however, that these complete failures are becoming rarer as time goes on. The people have a better understanding of soil and climate, and are learning to master adverse conditions. I know well that I am seeing Manitoba at its best—its wide-spreading yellow fields as noble a sight as ever eye beheld—and that there is a winter here stern and cold, and far-stretching prairie black and desolate; but settlement is going on apace, the blessing of good neighborhood and human intercourse are now common to most of the population, one soon becomes native to a climate, and it is inevitable that Manitoba must become one of the wealthiest parts of the confederation, and most of the conditions of life easy and inviting. But there have been hard times in Manitoba, and many distressing experiences. One woman told me with a plucky smile and a pathetic face, that they had taken up 6,000 acres, and for the first year had an abounding harvest, good prices and an extraordinary return for their labor and investment. Then they lost three successive crops by frost, drought and hail. "I saw," she said, "my husband's hair turn grey. Life was one long, wearing, desperate anxiety." After the third failure they gave up the battle and surrendered their lands.

Yet after some years spent in California they are back in the country now, however, engaged in farming, and the wife told me that notwithstanding their experiences they prefer life in Manitoba to life in California. By the way, it seemed to me that there was, depicted in the eyes of some of the older women on the prairie, a look of patient loneliness; but one does not catch in the younger generation, fresh, buoyant and energetic, this pathetic hint of isolation. A settler from Huron began life here after the fashion of Ontario, with a quarter section and a stock of cattle, sheep and horses. He had a good measure of success. But there came a great wheat crop, and his cup of plenty ran over. Mixed farming was to slow. He neglected his stock, then sold it off, bought more land, got more implements, and began wheat-raising on an extensive scale. Results: Crop failures partial or complete, a load of debt that bent his shoulders, mortgages and interest beyond his capacity to carry. He had to part with much of his land, reduce the scale of his operation, and return as best he could to the plan of mixed farming. He is on his feet again and on the way to an enduring prosperity. These enormous crops in the earlier and more uncertain period of the agriculture of the province, like an overwhelming success in any other pursuit, bred extravagance and audacity. In too many cases the homestead was mortgaged and rented to buy a second homestead. In case of a crop failure the rent would not be paid, the interest on the mortgage could not be met, notes for farming machinery had to be renewed, and debt got a grip on the settler that was not easily shaken off. There are deserted homesteads in the province, even in the best farming districts; some surrendered to the loan companies in consequence of failure to meet the mortgage indebtedness, or as for example, in the Little Saskatchewan district, owing to the failure of the railway to follow the Mackenzie survey, frost, the rush for second homesteads and kindred causes. But no doubt at all this land will be repopulated and will abundantly support prosperous communities, if not with wheat-growing as the sole industry. I was told of a "pioneer" who went out for a cradle and came home with a binder. But this, of course, is mere settlers' humor, intended to illustrate the rash buying that was too often engendered by a promising harvest. Manitoba does not know cradles. I was told of a farmer who bought a hay rake, a plough and a mower at a total cost of \$107. Owing to the crop failures he could not meet his debt, the mower was taken back by the manufacturer, interest was added with every renewal of the notes, and on the plough and rake he now owes \$211. The usual interest charge seems to have been 7 per cent. and 1 per cent. a month after due. The cost of a wagon, original price \$80, mounted up to \$350 before the bill was cancelled. Of course there are extreme cases, but it would be useless to conceal the fact that the farmers of Manitoba have learned the lessons of prudence and economy at a great cost. As I have said, these magnificent crops breed and nurse the spirit of speculation, and be sure the rest of us would have gone to the same school under similar conditions. One is often told that the farmers who are now in the best circumstances are those who settled where conditions were less favorable, credit less easy and economy compulsory. For example, along the Manitoba & Northwestern railway there is a long stretch of prosperous settlement. Here the settlers seem to have found that they could not depend on wheat as an only crop, and they gradually worked into stock-raising, an achievement accomplished by the patient husbanding of capital. Out of this country last year 5,000 head of cattle were taken, and it is estimated that for this year there will be an export of at least 12,000 head from the northwestern district.

It is positively announced that Valkyrie III. will not race any more in American waters.

Hudson's Bay Company

(Incorporated 1670.)

"Live and let live."

We are progressive and wish to assist our customers in this direction also. Now is a suitable and seasonable time for the exercise of economy. Economy means buying well for both merchant and customer. We study the subject, practice the principle, and wish to give our customers the benefit.

Here are a few of our present grocery prices:

5lbs. H. B. Congon Tea (caddy)	\$2.00
3lbs. Japan Tea	1.00
14lbs. Granulated Sugar	\$1.00
15lbs. Yellow Sugar	1.00
12lbs. Valencia Raisins	1.00
12lbs. Currants	1.00
14lbs. Rice	1.00
12lbs. Prunes	1.00
1 gallon Syrup (pail)	80
Hudson's Bay Co.'s Turkish Coffee	40c. per lb.
California Apricots, 3lb. tin	25c.
Imperial Cheese in Jars, 30c., 55c., and \$1.00.	

Fresh stock always on hand.

Crosse & Blackwell's Marmalade, 7lb. tin \$1.25.

SPECIALTIES:

Tetley's Famous Teas,
H.B. Co's Pure Soap,
H.B. Co's Pure Spices,
H.B. Co's Imp'l Mix Tobacco
English Malt Vinegar,
White Wine Vinegar,
H.B. Co's Flour,

These are the best in the market and are sold by us at the same prices, or lower, than other inferior articles.

Try Gillard's new Pickle, 50c a bottle.

Our Grocery stock is complete and fresh. Ask for anything you want and be sure the price will be right.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Dry Goods, also Crockery and Glassware, is now on the way, and will arrive shortly at

HUDSON'S BAY Stores.

THE SINGER...

Is the leading household Sewing Machine. Fifty-two awards at World's Fair. The best is the cheapest. A full line of Machines now on view at our warerooms, opposite Post Office.

Call and see the wheels go round.

JAS. T. DALE, Agent.

843m



E. Raymer,

Watchmaker.

AND

Jeweller.

A Large and Well Assorted Supply of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

SILVERWARE,

AND JEWELRY,

Always on hand.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired and Guaranteed.

CITY

Carriage Works!

Have once more reduced prices.

We carry a full line at wholesale prices. Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Wagon Poles, Shafts, Singletrees and Doubletrees. Singletrees, ironed complete, \$1. All kinds of repairing done at rates to suit the hard times.

BUCKBOARDS AND LIGHT DRIVING WAGONS.

Carriage Painting.

We are now prepared to execute painting in all its branches. Keeping a complete line of carriage paints, varnishes, etc., in charge of a first-class artist.

Upholstering.

We carry a full line at wholesale prices. Cash paid for second hand Wagons, Buggies, Buckboards, etc.

Remember the old stand. Established 1880.

Corner of Jasper and Nemayo Avenues,

Edmonton, Alberta.

BINDER. TWINE

W. J. G. DICKSON

Massey-Harris warehouse, Whyte Ave.

South Edmonton, is selling Red Cap

Binder Twine at 9c. a pound cash or

10c. on approved credit.

New Lumber Yard

Corner Jasper Avenue and Queen Street.

.. WEST OF FIRE HALL ..

The undersigned has the agency for Walter & Hummel's lumber. A full stock of Rough and Dressed Boards, Scantling and Square Timber always on hand.

British Columbia Lumber and Shingles. Sash, Doors and Frames on hand and to order.

FRANK OSBORNE.

GOOD HORSES!

Are needed to make Good Farms.

ESSERY & ALLEN,

Of South Edmonton, have just received a carload of first class Heavy Draft and General Purpose Horses from the famous Walrod Ranch. Low prices and a square deal. Call and see.

83-3m

SUMMER: GOODS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

THE LARGEST,

BEST, CHEAPEST

& MOST COMPLETE

Stock of Spring Dress Goods ever offered in Edmonton.

To make room we are offering our present stock at prices lower than ever.

J. A. McDougall.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN.

Fort Saskatchewan ALBERTA.

F. Fraser Tims,

GENERAL COMMISSION, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKER.

AGENT FOR

Several Fire Insurance Companies.

Insurance effected in Town or County at low rates.

MANAGER FOR

Fort Saskatchewan Townsite property.

Price of Lots from \$30 to \$200.

Free site given to Roller Process flour mill, or other manufacturing industry.

Business men looking for openings will find this good point.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

Improved and Unimproved

farms close to the Townsite.

NOTE.

Fort Saskatchewan is situated on the Banks of the North Saskatchewan River, and is the centre of the whole District of Edmonton, which is supposed to be the best agricultural and stock raising District in the whole Canadian Northwest, and has the Beaver Hills as a back ground, making it the most picturesque townsite in the West.

Anyone visiting Northern Alberta, should come and see

Fort Saskatchewan

White & Woolley,

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS,

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY

Woodwork done on the

premises.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN, ALTA.

99-21



MONTGOMERY & CO.

Harnessmakers & Saddlers. Full line of Horse Furnishings constantly on hand. Repairing done promptly. West side Ross Street, FORT SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA.

SOUTH EDMONTON

PUMPS

P. CLARK, Pump-maker. Wooden pump made and P. guaranteed, or wooden pump heads fitted on iron piping if required. Prices reasonable. Terms cash. Factory, Whyte Avenue, South Edmonton.

All sensible people use

The Edmonton Milling Co's

Flour.

Ask your flour dealer or call at the mill for it.

SOUTH EDMONTON, ALTA.

ST. ALBERT

WINDSOR HOTEL, St. Albert. First class accommodation. Good weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Sample rooms attached. Good livery and feed stable in connection. The proprietors give every attention to guests. GOWNELOWS & HOSLYN, Proprietors. 40-11

GEO. W. GAIRDNER,

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Collections promptly made.

ST. ALBERT,

ALBERTA

Business Change.

The undersigned has acquired the business known as the

EDMONTON CARTAGE Co

and will continue the general

teaming business under that

name. Prompt service. Or-

ders solicited.

JAS. DINNER,

Office at M. McCauley's stable

GOOD

Crops means more help to harvest and thresh them. More help means more Beds, and it will be

NEWS

To you to know we are selling a full size English Iron Bed, 4-foot slat, at \$8.00. It is necessary

TO

Have a good Bed after a hard day's work, and all

FARMERS

Wishing to avail themselves of this chance should call at once as our stock of these Beds is not unlimited.

J. T. BLOWEY

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Jasper.—J. Eagles, C. F. Stewart, J. F. Smith, F. Brain, Fort Saskatchewan; Lewis Schunck, Stony Plain;

Queens.—L. P. Pelletier, Lac. St. Anne; J. Brunette, St. Albert; P. H. Winter, J. Tranter, Mrs. Gossin, Miss Gossin, South Edmonton.

Alberta.—Mrs. Carey, Red Deer; R. S. Alexander, Calgary; A. Lindow, Fort Saskatchewan; Mr. Stephen, Schiedam; J. Eagles, British Columbia; J. Garson, Stony Plain; J. Belle, St. Albert.

JOHN CAMERON RETURNED.

On the 20th of August John Cameron left here on a tour of inspection to find out if possible the natural market for his surplus products. He arrived home on Thursday evening, being gone just one month. On leaving here he went directly to the Kootenay country and spent some time in the mining towns of that district, visiting all the principal points. At Nelson, Kaslo, Roseland and other places of such products as we have to spare, but as the merchants are nearly all Americans, they naturally trade with the people just across the line in Washington. However, they expressed their willingness to give our oats (which is the most important product that we have to ship) a fair trial, admitting that we have a just claim to the trade of our own country. On leaving the Kootenay country Mr. Cameron went to Spokane and, calling at several points on his way, returned home via Vancouver. Mr. Cameron's mother, who resides at Wardner, Idaho, accompanied him home and will make an extended visit before returning. When asked as to the prices that could be paid here for oats for shipment to the Kootenay, Mr. Cameron said: Oats are now \$13 per ton at Spokane, freight to Nelson \$6.20, duty \$6.00, making the cost of American oats there about \$25.00 per ton, and although our oats are of a much better quality than theirs, we would have to place them there at the same price until they have gained a reputation that would command a better price. You can see that we would have to take that figure to base our calculations upon. The C.P.R. has given us a rate of 60c. per hundred to all points in the Kootenay, or \$12.00 per ton, which would leave \$13.00 per ton loaded on the cars here, or 22 cents per bushel. Now as these oats will have to be sacked and most of them cleaned before shipping, these charges must be deducted. After deducting 3 cents per bushel for sacking, 1 cent for cleaning, 1 cent for loading, and 2 cents for storage and merchant's profit, the price to the farmer would be 15 cents per bushel, and unless the price in Spokane improves or our oats can command a better price than theirs, that would be all the merchant could pay for them here.

On being asked if our oats would not command a better figure than American, he said: "Yes, after they have been introduced, but not at first." When asked: "How much are our oats better than theirs," he replied: "From two to three cents per bushel." When asked what effect the 60c. rate given by the C.P.R. would have on this trade, he said: "While the C.P.R. rate of 60 cents per hundred to the Kootenay country will let us into all points except Roseland, it will not, at present prices on the American side, allow the merchant here to pay over 15c. per bushel and give the dealer a margin of 2c. per bushel for handling." When asked if he found any other point to which oats could be shipped to better advantage, he replied: "No, this is the only opening at present for any quantity." He also said that he saw Alberta butter on the market there, and that Timothy hay, pressed, was worth from \$18 to \$22 per ton.

THE VISIT OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF QUEBEC.

After returning from Stony Plain reserve on Thursday afternoon the vice-regal party visited the schools of the town. They called at the central school at about 3 o'clock and the scholars sang the Maple leaf. Mr. Chapeau then spoke a few words of encouragement to the children and complimented the teachers, after which the school sang the national anthem and the party withdrew. After leaving the central school the party went to the school at St. Joachim mission, where addresses were presented to the Lieutenant-Governor in English by Miss Julia Fairbanks and in French by Master Eugene Degagne. The hon. gentleman replied with a few complimentary remarks and then after hearing the children read in both English and French congratulated the Mother Superior on the efficiency and good order of the school. After visiting the schools Mr. Chapeau and party left for his private car at the station intending to return to town in the evening to attend the meeting for his reception. At about 8 o'clock the people of the town commenced congregating at the hall for the reception, but shortly after His Honor telephoned over to Acting Mayor Strang, that owing to the increased inclemency of the weather, and as he was already suffering from a severe cold, he was afraid to venture out, so the meeting had to be declared off and the audience dispersed. The Edmonton brass band who had turned out for the occasion then gave an open air concert in front of the Alberta and adjourned to their homes.

On Friday morning acting-mayor Strang received the following letter from his Honor: EDMONTON, SEPT. 19TH, 1895.

C. F. STRANG, ESQ.,
Acting Mayor of Edmonton,
DEAR SIR—I sincerely regret being prevented by this very bad weather from going to meet you and your colleagues of the Municipal Council of Edmonton, as I promised. Suffering from influenza for the last three days, it would be more than imprudent for me to venture out to-night. But I cannot leave you without presenting you the heartfelt expression of my appreciation of your kindly welcome amongst you, and my best wishes for the continued progress of your already prosperous town. Following in the steps of the valiant pioneers of these immense Territories, you have taken as your guides in the great work of colonizing this part of the country, the fixity of purpose, the firmness of execution and that great Christian virtue of tolerance, which are necessary to the permanent success of your undertakings. With these elements in your composition, your infant city of Edmonton will soon rank amongst the great cities of the West. Fixity of purpose is the solid

ground upon which you build, firmness of action is the sound material you employ in building, and the conciliatory spirit of Christian tolerance is the cement that will bind together the different stones that make up the edifice. That you may continue in the same path is the best wish I can give you, and the highest title you can raise to the administration and gratitude of the whole country.

With renewed thanks for your kindness, and with my repeated apologies,
I remain, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
J. A. CHAPLAIR.

NORTHWEST ASSEMBLY.

REGINA, Sept. 16th, '95.

The bill to repeal the veterinary ordinance of 1892, and the bill respecting the Calgary general hospital were read a third time.

The bill repealing the ordinance of '93 respecting revenue and expenditure, the audit bill, the bill respecting the legislative assembly, and the bill respecting veterinary, surgeons and the bill respecting the Medicine Hat general hospital were reported from the committee of the whole without discussion.

Haultain explained in regard to the audit bill that it was intended to constitute the present accountant, J. C. Pope the auditor, under the bill. Also that the provisions of the bill by introducing a certain amount of red tape into the handling of the public moneys might cause some misunderstanding and inconvenience as compared with the present system in the payment of accounts.

The bill respecting statute labor and fire districts was considered in committee of the whole. A long desultory discussion took place on a number of the clauses and several stood over for amendment and further discussion.

NAMA.

On account of the bad weather there is still some grain to be cut and it is mostly down, it is slow work cutting it. Most of the late grain is damaged more or less by frost.

A ladies' aid society has been formed here and is working successfully under the leadership of the following officers: President, Mrs. C. Carson; vice-president, Miss Lawrence; secretary, Miss Johnston; treasurer, Miss Long.

A new Methodist church is to be built this fall. The foundation is laid and part of the lumber is on the ground. The location is three-fourths of a mile east of the school house on the farm owned by J. Carson. Mr. Peters has the contract for the frame work. It is expected the building will be ready to open some time in November.

September 20th, 1895.

BIG WHEAT YIELDS IN MANITOBA.

A forty-acre wheat field of C. A. Irvine's gave a yield of a little over forty-two bushels to the acre.—Boisvein Globe.

Mr. D. Steedman last week threshed the wheat off thirty acres. Sowing was done on stubble, and this was the second crop since summer following. The yield was 47 bushels to the acre.—Deloraine Times.

In spite of occasional showers threshing is still being carried on, and those whose grain is stacked are now threshing it, until the stocks are dry. The yield is still keeping up, Mr. Thomas' wheat averaging 37 bushels to the acre, while others are well in the neighborhood of that figure. Mr. James Dale expects to get 40 bushels of wheat and 100 bushels of oats to the acre on his south farm.—Glenboro Gazette.

The following remarkable yields have been brought to our notice during the past week and we believe indicate to a great extent what may be expected from the present crop: R. J. Stewart, of Camille, threshed over 6000 bushels from 97 acres of wheat. R. Latimer's crop made the handsome return of 40 bushels per acre: Walter Turnbull threshed one patch of wheat which by threshers' measure showed 60 bushels to the acre.—Holland Observer.

Will some of our readers in the Edmonton district give us a report of their yield this year.—Editor.

GENERAL NEWS.

Crysler farm monument will be unveiled on Sept. 25.

Wheat buying became general in Manitoba last week, price 44c.

An excursion steamer was burned at Bobcaygeon yesterday.

Toronto industrial exhibition this year was a financial success.

A reception will be tendered Hon. E. Blake in Toronto on Sept. 30th.

Montreal is preparing to hold a five months' exhibition next summer.

HENRY M. STANLEY, the African explorer, left Montreal for the West on the 17th inst.

RICHARD WHITE, of the Montreal Gazette, has returned from England with his health completely recovered.

The University of Pennsylvania cricket team defeated the Oxford and Cambridge team at Philadelphia, by a score of 445 to 345.

M. B. Ives, Dominion Cabinet Minister, has returned from England much improved in health. He has gone to his home in Sherbrooke to rest for a few days before going to Ottawa.

ONE of the first duties which the government will consider on re-assembling after the holidays is the date for calling parliament together. The belief is gaining ground that a date early in November will be chosen.

The steamship Etolia, which arrived in the port of Montreal on the 16th from Bristol, landed in good condition the bronze memorial monument of the late Sir John A. Macdonald to be placed in Macdonald Park, Kingston.

The principal topic of discussion at last Saturday's session of the Anglican provincial synod came up upon the motion to alter canon 13 to allow a revised version of the scriptures to be read in churches where clergymen so desired. The motion was lost by a considerable majority.

A Toronto dispatch of Sept. 17th, to Winnipeg papers says: Sir Mackenzie Bowell passed through the city last night on his way to the capital. In an interview the premier characterized the stories circulated with regard to the alleged conference with Greenway on the school question as all nonsense. Sir Mackenzie spoke most enthusiastically of Manitoba's magnificent crops and of all he saw in the Northwest.

Winnipeg Tribune dispatch from Stony Mountain, Sept. 13 says: The penitentiary finished threshing last evening. They had close on 7,000 bushels of grain of excellent quality. The wheat averaging over 40 bushels to the acre and oats about 60.

THE harvest is practically over and most of the grain secured in good condition. In point of yield and quality it is similar to the crops of a few years ago which established the fame of the Red River Valley; and is so uniformly good that every one thinks he has the best. Our farmers are happy and thankful.—Battleford Herald.

London, Sept. 16.—The Standard's financial article of September 16th, says: "President Cleveland is not likely to let gold go to a premium in New York during his administration if a few sales of government bonds can prevent it. When the gold syndicate has loaded up, we shall have another dose of its smoothing mixture."

A Nor-Wester dispatch, Cornwall, Sept. 17th, says: Mrs. Terrence McGarrity, an old resident, is dead, aged ninety-one. With her family, deceased came from Scotland in Lord Selkirk's first colonial expedition to the Red river district in 1811 and lived at Fort Churchill for seven years afterwards coming to Glenary.

A Free Press Ottawa dispatch of Sept. 16 says: The prompt action of the government in rebuffing the charge that filled or imitation cheese is made in Canada, and exported to England has had the desired effect. Sir Charles Tupper, high commissioner for Canada in London, to-day sent the following cable message: "Editor of the North British Agriculturist admits and regrets the grave error made in using the word Canada instead of America. He is retracting editorially and will publish evidence of the purity of Canadian produce in Wednesday's issue."

METEOROLOGICAL.

The following temperatures are reported from the Dominion government observatory, Edmonton, for the dates given:

	Max.	Min.
Thursday, 19,	47	
Friday, 20,	36	32
Saturday, 21,	38	29
Sunday, 22,	55	23
Monday, 23,		43

Barometer reduced to sea level 29.644.
Rainfall 0.37 of an inch.

NOTICE.

TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

Notice is hereby given that the general stock-in-trade of lumber of the business lately carried on by the Edmonton Saw Mill Company is open for sale in the ordinary way notwithstanding the assignment, and builders, contractors and others will find a complete assortment of building materials, including Doors, Sash and Furnishings, at the company's yards in Edmonton.

Terms cash, and liberal discount given.
W. S. ROBERTSON, 90-97
Edmonton, Sept. 6th, 1895.

LANDS FOR SALE FOR TAXES.

The following list of lands will be offered for sale by public auction, on Saturday, October 19th, at 1 p.m., at the public school house, Clover Bar:

The West Half and Southeast Quarter Section 15, and the Northwest Quarter and North Half of Northeast Quarter Section 20; all in Township 53, Range 23, west Fourth principal meridian.

91-101 WM. KEITH, Treasurer.

LITTLE & CO. Manufacturers of and Dealers in BRICK.

FOR
Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Spiced Lard, Long Clear Bacon, Prime Pork Sausage, Pure Lard, as well as all kinds of

FRESH AND CURED MEATS GO TO

C. GALLAGHER'S

Prices as low as the lowest for cash, wholesale and retail.

I would also beg to notify my customers that meats are a cash article and I must have cash, or at least have all accounts paid once a month.

C. GALLAGHER. MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE

Town Property!

Pursuant to the order and direction of the Honorable Mr. Justice Scott and under and by virtue of a certain registered mortgage made in pursuance of the Territories Real Property Act and amendments thereto, which mortgage will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction on

Saturday, September 28, 1895
at the Sheriff's office, in the Town of Edmonton, at the hour of 2 p.m., the following property, viz:

One acre of land in River Lot 8, connected with the coal mine hereinafter described, and the right to mine coal and have other easements and privileges, more particularly set out and described in said mortgage, and also all coal mines, pits, seams and veins of coal which may be found to exist within, upon or under the following lands; all that parcel of land being in the Edmonton settlement and being composed of River Lot 8, containing by admeasurement forty-eight acres, more or less; also lots numbered sixteen and seventeen in Block numbered eight, and lots fourteen and fifteen in Block fourteen, in River Lot four, as shown on Plan J.

The above property is situated in the Town of Edmonton and is known as the Coal Mine of A. C. Brabant, and it also includes other lots in the Town of Edmonton. Also includes two residences, barns and other buildings, and platform scales.

Terms and conditions of sale and further particulars and descriptions of the property will be made known at the date of sale or on application to
S. S. & H. C. TAYLOR, Vendors' Agents
W. S. ROBERTSON, Auctioneer. 91-96

TEACHERS WANTED

TEACHER WANTED.

For Josephburg School District for remainder of year. Applicants to state class of certificate and salary required. Apply to
JAS. STEVENSON, Chairman,
Beaver Hills P.O.

91-96

TO RENT

FARMS TO RENT.

Seventy acres under crop, in Belmont settlement, five miles from town. Good house, stables, barn and two wells.
Also 12 acres improved, six miles north of town. House and stables. Possession given in both cases October 1st, 1895. Apply to
D. R. FRASER, Edmonton P.O.

STRAYED

ESTRAY.

Came to my premises at Two lakes, six miles north of Edmonton, one bay mare three years old; two hind feet white; no brand visible. Owner is requested to prove property pay expenses and take away.
90-95
W. J. BURNS, Edmonton.

LOST

LOST.

From F. Union Co. about six weeks ago a light brown mare, six years old. No brand. Two front feet white, hind feet white, white face, small lump on left shoulder near the neck. \$5 reward will be given for information leading to her recovery.
90-3m
LOUIS VANACKER, St. Albert.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PARENTS, CLERGYMEN AND PHYSICIANS.

Take notice. Births, marriages and deaths must be registered with the undersigned within 30 days after the occurrence or a fine of \$50 may be imposed.
St. GEO. JELLETT, Registrar B.M.D.

INSURANCE.

ISAAC COWIE.

—FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT—

INSURANCE AGENT.

BLACKSMITHING

GEO. P. SANDERSON, GENERAL BLACKSMITH

BOWENSHAW A SPECIALTY. FIRST STREET.

RED DEER

ALBERTA HOTEL, Red Deer, near the C.P.R.

room. STEPHEN WILSON, Proprietor. 42-67

LIVERY STABLES.

LIVERY & FEED STABLES. Established 1881. M.

McCAULEY, Proprietor. Main Street, Edmonton, Alberta. First class rigs & good drivers. Terms reasonable.

RANCH

BEAVER LAKE STOCK RANCH, ROBERT LOGAN

Proprietor. Constantly on hand and for sale

Horses, Cattle and sheep. Prices to suit purchaser

Also—Seed oats, barley and potatoes.

Cattle brand—"Horsehoe" on rump.

Horse brand—"R. L." on left thigh.

CHURCHES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Edmonton. Sabbath

Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School

and Bible class at 2:30 p.m. Christian Endeavor

meeting every Wednesday at 8 p.m.

D. G. McQUEEN, Minister.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Edmonton. Preaching in

the Church at 7 p.m. Sunday school 2:30

SOUTH EDMONTON, in the Baptist church.

Preaching at 11 a.m. Sunday School at 9:45 a.m.

WEEKLY PRAYER MEETINGS.

A. McDONALD, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH, Edmonton. Preaching

Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Fellowship meeting

at close of Morning service. Sabbath school

and Bible class at 2:30 p.m. Epworth League Tuesday

8 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 p.m. Child-

ren's service last Sunday of S. S. quarter, song ser-

vice first Sunday of the quarter. Public cordially

welcomed. Seals free.

GEO. W. DEAN, Minister.

METHODIST CHURCH, South Edmonton. Sabbath

school, Sunday at 2:30, Preaching service 7:30.

A. H. GOODWIN, Pastor.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH (ANGLICAN), EDMONTON.

Morning Prayer 11 a.m. Evening Prayer 7 p.m.

Holy Communion first Sunday in the month at 11

a.m., and third Sunday in the month at 8:30 p.m.

Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.

A. STUNDEN, B.A., Rector.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SOUTH EDMONTON.

Evening Prayer at 8 p.m.

Holy Communion, second Sunday in the month.

All seats free and unappropriated. Strangers

cordially invited.

HURRAH!

Wetaskiwin to the Fore

And asking for entries for a Novelty Race to be held

at Wetaskiwin in September (exact date given later)

on twenty-five miles, each man entering to have

five horses owned by himself, the riders to be catch

weights, but one rider must ride the whole distance,

changing horses every 15 miles or less, but not more;

the horse to be ready for rider with or without

saddle at owner's option every 15 miles. Entrance

fee \$10 for five horses, for a purse of \$150 for first,

and second to receive double his entrance money.

This race is open to all in Alberta. The track

will be in good shape and is a three-quarter mile

circular track. Every accommodation will be ac-

corded visitors. For further particulars enquire of

or write to
B. F. BOYCE, Wetaskiwin

74-

Preserving Fruit!

Will arrive on to-night's train a large

consignment of Preserving Fruits and will

be sold cheap for cash at

MRS. JAS. LAUDER'S.

LEGAL.

S. & H. C. TAYLOR, BARRISTERS, NOTARIES
Pence, Etc. EDMONTON, ALBERTA, N. W. T.
Office: in Imperial Bank block.
S. S. Taylor, LL. B., Q.C.
H.C. Taylor, M.A., LL. B.

P. L. McNAMARA, Advocate, Notary, Etc. Office
over Post Office, Edmonton, N.W.T.

C. M. WOODWORTH, M.A., LL. B.
Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate and Notary Public.
Office in the Bulletin Block, Edmonton, N.W.T.

B. & E. EMERY, ADVOCATES, NOTARIES
&c., EDMONTON, ALBERTA, N. W. T.
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IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA
N. D. BICK, Q. C.
E. C. EMERY,
Crown Prosecutor.
Company and private funds to lend.

W. M. SHOOT, ADVOCATE, NOTARY, ETC.
Office over John Cameron's store.

DENTAL
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DENTIST, MAIN STREET EDMONTON, ALBERTA
OFFICE:—Imperial Bank Block.

MEDICAL.

H. L. MCINNIS, M.D., C.M. PHYSICIAN AND
ACCOCHEUR. Office, Thomson's drug store,
Edmonton.

P. ROYAL, M.D. & C.M. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
Office—Corner 5th street and Victoria avenue
Edmonton

E. A. BRATHWAITE, M.D., D. Office at Residence,
Third street, south of new H. B. Store. Tele-
phone connection.

J. D. HARRISON, M.D., C.M., late House Surgeon
Montreal General Hospital. Special attention to
Eye and Ear. Office next Imperial Bank, Edmonton.

P. AYLEN, M.D., C.M., McGill University,
Physician, Surgeon, Accoucher, etc. Office
and residence corner Fourth St. and Victoria Ave.,
Edmonton. Telephone connection. 59

ACCOUNTANTS

A. McNICOL, Accountant and Commission Agent
OFFICE—Imperial Bank Buildings. Agent for
J. & J. Taylor's safes.

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EDMISTON & FLETCHER,
Architects, draughtsmen and valuers
OFFICE—Imperial Bank Buildings.
W. S. EDMISTON, N. G. FLETCHER,
Architect and Valuator. Architect.

CIVIL ENGINEERS & ARCHITECTS

F. DEGENDOERFER,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND ARCHITECT.

Designs, estimates and specifications for Water
Supply, Sewerage, Irrigation, Structural Works as
Bridges, Roofs, Foundations, etc.
Valuations, Examinations and Reports. Super-
vision of Construction. Economic Location of
Railways.

Special Attention to Plans for Private and Public
Buildings. Correspondence strictly attended to.
EDMONTON, ALBERTA. 40

SURVEYOR.

CHALMERS & DRISCOLL,
DOMINION LAND SURVEYORS
AND CIVIL ENGINEERS.

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